

## Marvellous Me and Let's Celebrate

### Autumn 1 and 2 (N)

Prime Areas					
Communication and Language	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Physical Development			
<ul> <li>Listening, Attention and Understanding-</li> <li>Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.</li> <li>Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult.</li> <li>Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door".</li> <li>Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"</li> <li>Speaking-</li> <li>Use a wider range of vocabulary.</li> <li>Sing a large repertoire of songs.</li> <li>Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.</li> <li>Develop their communication but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'. Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh and multi-syllabic words such</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Building relationships-</li> <li>Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.</li> <li>Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.</li> <li>Understand gradually how others might be feeling.</li> <li>Managing self-</li> <li>Show more confidence in new social situations.</li> <li>Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g., brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.</li> <li>Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and tooth brushing.</li> <li>Self-regulation –</li> <li>Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them.</li> <li>Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gross Motor Skills-</li> <li>Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.</li> <li>Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.</li> <li>Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.</li> <li>Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.</li> <li>Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.</li> <li>Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.</li> <li>Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.</li> </ul>			

<ul> <li>as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'.</li> <li>Use longer sentences of four to six words.</li> <li>Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.</li> <li>Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.</li> <li>Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus you sit there I'll be the driver."</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.</li> <li>Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important.</li> <li>Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them.</li> <li>Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.</li> <li>Talk with others to solve conflicts.</li> <li>Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.</li> <li>Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.</li> <li>Fine Motor Skills-         <ul> <li>Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.</li> <li>Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.</li> <li>Show a preference for a dominant hand.</li> <li>Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips</li> <li>Is starting to eat independently and learning how to use a knife and fork.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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Specific Areas				
Literacy	Mathematics	Understanding the World	Expressive Arts and Design	
Comprehension-	Number-	Past and Present-	Creating with Materials-	
<ul> <li>Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.</li> <li>Word Reading-         <ul> <li>Understand the five key concepts about print:</li> <li>print has meaning</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').</li> <li>Recite numbers past 5</li> <li>Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.</li> <li>People, Culture and Communities-</li> <li>Show interest in different occupations.</li> <li>Explore how things work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</li> <li>Develop their own ideas and then decide which</li> </ul>	

-print can have different purposes ---we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom -the names of the different parts of a book

-page sequencing

 Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:
 -spot and suggest rhymes
 -count or clap syllables in a word
 -recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother.

#### Writing-

- Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy.
- Write some or all of their name.
- Write some letters accurately.

- Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').
- Show 'finger numbers' up to 5.
- Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.
- Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.
- Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.
- Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.

#### **Numerical Pattern-**

 Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.

 Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing.

- Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.
- Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.

#### The Natural World-

- Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.
- Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.
- Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.
- Plant seeds and care for growing plants.
- Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.
- Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.
- Explore and talk about different forces they can feel.

# materials to use to express them.

- Join different materials and explore different textures.
- Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
- Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.
- Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.
- Explore colour and colour mixing.

#### Being Imaginative and Expressive-

- Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar
- Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc.
- Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits,

<ul> <li>objects relating length, weight</li> <li>Select shapes flat surfaces for triangular prisect.</li> <li>Combine shap new ones – an triangle, etc.</li> <li>Talk about and patterns around example: stript designs on rug wallpaper. Use language like 'spotty', 'blob.</li> <li>Extend and cript patterns – stict leaf.</li> <li>Notice and comparison of the stript design.</li> </ul>	between materials and between materials and changes they materials and chan	<ul> <li>buildings and a park.</li> <li>Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.</li> <li>Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear, etc.</li> <li>Listen with increased attention to sounds.</li> <li>Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings</li> <li>Remember and sing entire songs</li> <li>Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').</li> <li>Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</li> <li>Create their own songs or improvise a song around</li> </ul>
patterns – stic leaf.	ck, leaf, stick, rrect an error pattern. ribe a vents, real sing words	<ul><li>and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</li><li>Create their own songs or</li></ul>